

#### **Cambodia ICT Camp 2022**

## Open Environmental Data **Sharing a Research Practice**



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#### 🞯 Mekong 🕺 Cambodia 🧔 Laos 🥺 Myanmar 🥸 Thailand 🥸 Vietnam

#### OpenDevelopment Mekong



How do you and your organisation use environmental data, information and technology?

#### https://opendevelopmentmekong.net/

#### a PM below. To try out the survey click here.

There is an option to participate in an interview or a focus group discussion to discuss how you want to strengthen environmental data ecosystems in the Mekong Region in the coming month. If this is of interest to you, please let us know here or indicate so in the survey. Thank you for helping to shape the Mekong data ecosystem!





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## **ODI Approach**

#### CONTEXTUALIZED Open Data for Sustainable Development



OPEN DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE

EAST-WEST MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE, INC



Creating a safer way for people to engage

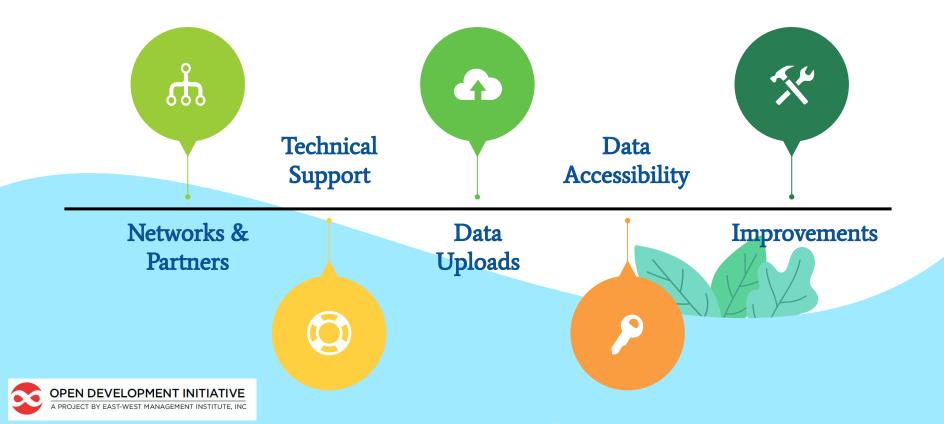


Encouraging individual analysis and verification



Introducing new narratives to regional / transborder

## **Key Features**



## **In Numbers**

As of May 2022









**40+** maps & profiles







1,130+

datasets



#### From Jan - June 2022







1,056,000+

Sessions

330,000+

Datasets downloads





## **User demographics**



	Country				
1.	Cambodia				
2.	Thailand				
3.	Vietnam				
4.	Indonesia				
5.	United States				
6.	Myanmar (Burma)				
7.	Laos				
8.	Singapore				
9.	Philippines				
10.	Germany				
11.	India				
12.	Malaysia				
13.	Japan				
14.	Hong Kong				
15.	Australia				

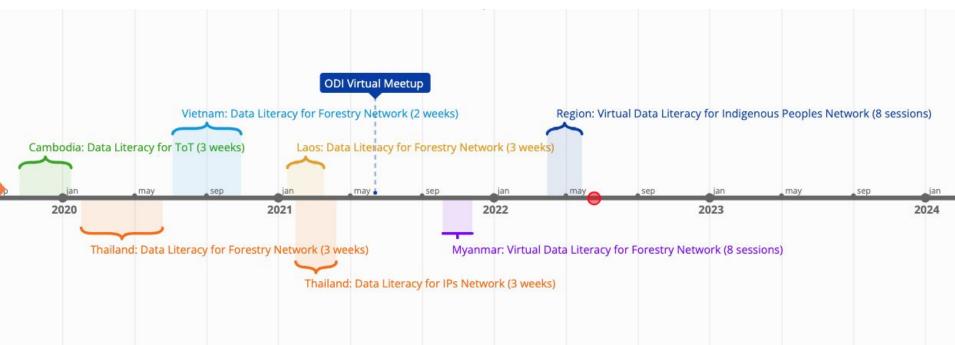


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# Civil society is a key to advance the state of Open data



## **Timeline: ODI's Data Literacy**







## Data Literacy in the Mekong

#### Our full 3-week program covers:

- 1. Using data as evidence for storytelling
- 2. Finding and getting data from multiple sources
- 3. Understanding data
- 4. Analysing and visualizing data
- 5. Thinking like a journalist
- 6. Increasing awareness of digital security and data privacy







120+

#### participants from local NGOs & CSOs & CBOs

#### **Focused sectors**

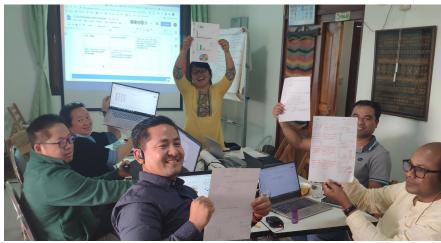
Disenfranchised constituents that are part of these groups:

- Forestry and environment
- Indigenous peoples
- Women's groups
- Peace building



## **Stories of Data Literacy**

- <u>Thai foresters complete data literacy</u> <u>training to advocate for improved forest</u> <u>governance</u>
- Data and the untold stories
- <u>Lao civil society improves advocacy with</u> <u>data visualization</u>
- <u>CSOs in Myanmar gain data literacy</u> <u>knowledge for forestry advocacy</u>







## Open Environmental Data





### **Research on**

Mapping knowledge and gaps in data, transparency, and capacity building practices in the Mekong region



### **Broad Definition**





Any measurements or information that describe environmental processes, location, or conditions; ecological or health effects and consequences, or the performance of environmental technology.

It often incorporates social components as people have large implications upon resources and consequences as a result of use.



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 62 58 09 2

What are environmental data that are most relevant to you?

## What are environmental data that are most relevant to you? (20 voices)



#### $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

#### Open environmental data **matters**



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 41 78 33 3

In your opinion, what are key challenges to environmental data?



## In your opinion, what are key challenges to environmental data? (21 voices)

Lack of data	Development	Not up-to-date
Politically sensitive	Access to information	Capacity to process the data
loT not available	Data literacy	Can't find reliable source of data



## In your opinion, what are key challenges to environmental data?

Insufficient data to work with. Constraints of data collection.	Access to the data	Data collection in remote and in accessable regions.
Limited number of available data	Proving the validity of the data, removing outlier and regional factor	Demonstrating to politicians/corporations economic incentives for sustainable management (more regulations/central
Data must be presented in a way that everybody can understand and make	Access to realizable and official documents of development project. For	planning)
sense of it	example: EIA and investment agreements.	Lack of data and access to information

## In your opinion, what are key challenges to environmental data?

Political will	Political influence	many interventions
Shortage access by many people	because a lot of raw data need to be collected to conduct data analysis to find solid environmental solutions, to find enough resource of those data is also a key challenge.	Lack of technology to get data

## **The Mekong Context**



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> The Mekong region is diverse



Standards on Data for Environmental Governance are Limited

Data is not

neutral

Accessibility is Limited

 $\boldsymbol{\heartsuit}$ 

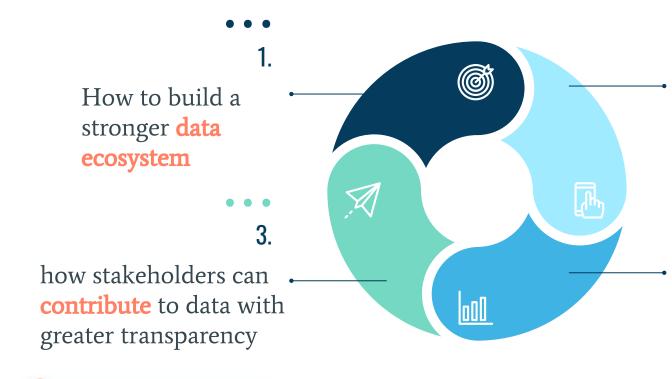
Capacity Building as a Sustainable Process





### We want to understand





EN DEVELOPMEN

2. what skills and capacity need to be built

••• 4.

how we can improve engagement with environmental governance

## Methodologies





To strengthen the ability of **civil society organizations** in the region to coordinate their activities, improve their ability to advocate for and monitor environmental policies, increase transparency and improve their use of environmental data.



#### **Baseline Survey (Google Forms)**

November 22, 2021 - February 28, 2022



Key Informant Interviews (Zoom) December 9, 2021 - March 8, 2022





## **Key Findings**

(1) Knowledge gaps, (2) diversity and inclusion, and (3) data, infrastructure and tools - impact the environmental data ecosystem.

(1) Security and safety connected to a narrowing civic space, and (2) institutional barriers - impact all areas as cross-cutting issues.





## **Key Recommendations**

Civic space	Renewable energy	Transboundary investment	Climate change adaptation
Building a stronger data ecosystem in a narrowing civic space through decentralised data systems and capacity building	Building skills and capacity through localised and accessible data literacy training	Contributing to data with greater transparency through open data standards, decentralised data solutions and capacity building	Improving engagement with environmental governance through security focused tools and decentralised data solutions

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### How we get key findings

#### Respondents work mainly in the forestry sector

Filter:



#### **Group Exercise**

### What do you want the environmental data to be?

What do you want the environmental data to be?

· Morld wide data collection · more open data (gov. & private & source)

. New regulations to anforce opponness & transporency

Accurate into on plastic use Transporting - Trustworthy, have confidance in accuracy. -ETA (not fuelic) -climate change impact/bralistic rep. -individual action for a change

